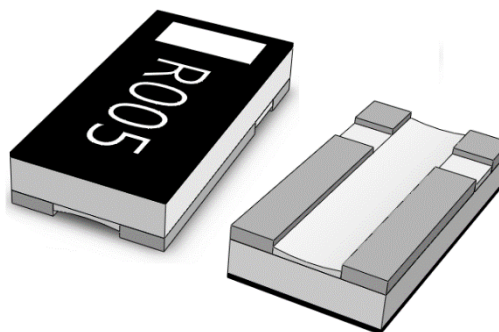


RL1632T4F Series Current Sensor Resistor (Lead / Halogen Free)

Features / Applications :

- Power rating is up to 1W
- Low TCR current sensor
- Low thermal EMF ($< 3 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$)
- Resistors are ideal for all types of current sensing
- Metal foil construction; Excellent long-term stability
- Moisture sensitivity level: MSL 1
- RoHS compliant



Electrical Specifications :

Characteristics ¹	Feature		
Power Rating ²	1 W		
Resistance Value(mΩ)	0.5 ~ 0.75	1 ~ 1.5	2 to 9
Temperature Coefficient of Resistance(ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$)	± 300	± 150	± 100
Operation Temperature Range	-55°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$		
Maximum Working Voltage (V)	$(P \cdot R)^{1/2}$		

Note :

1. For detailed information see table on page 3
2. For sensors operated at ambient temperature in excess of 70°C , the maximum load shall be derated in accordance with the following curve.

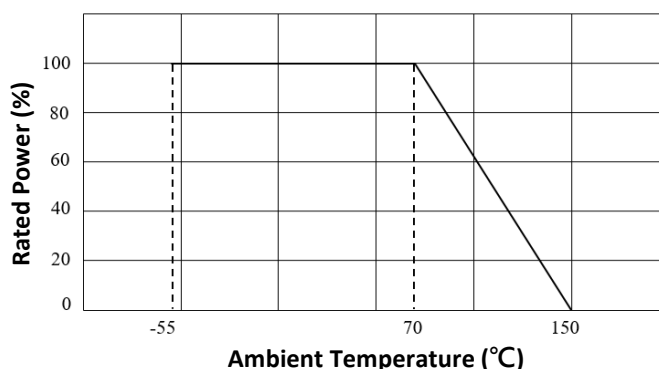
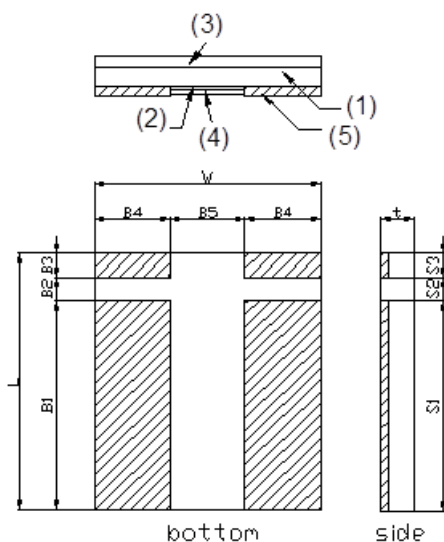


Figure 1. : Power Temperature Derating Curve

Outline Drawing :

Dimensions and schematic :



- (1) Substrate
- (2) Resistor : Cu alloy
- (3) Protection coat :
Heat resistive epoxy resin (Black)
- (4) Protection coat :
Heat resistive epoxy resin (White)
- (5) Terminals: Sn (on Cu)

Resistance Range(mΩ)	L	W	S1	S2	S3	t
< 2	3.20±0.15	1.60 ^{+0.15} _{-0.20}	2.20±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.70±0.20
≥ 2						0.60±0.20
0.5 to 9	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	
	2.20±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.45±0.20	0.70±0.20	

(Unit : mm)

Type Designation :

R L 1 6 3 2 T 4 F - □ □ □ □ - □ NH

(1) (2) (3) (4)

Note :

- (1) Series No.
- (2) Size(T4F = 4 – terminal)
- (3) Resistance value : 0R5m = 0.5mΩ ; R002 = 2mΩ ; R010 = 10mΩ
- (4) Tolerance : ±0.5%(D), ±1%(F), ±2%(G), ±5%(J)

Available standard resistance values :

Resistance Values	Tolerance			
	±0.5%	±1.0%	±2.0%	±5.0%
0R5m		✓	✓	✓
0R75m		✓	✓	✓
R001		✓	✓	✓
1R5m		✓	✓	✓
R002	✓	✓	✓	✓
2R5m		✓	✓	✓
R003	✓	✓	✓	✓
R004		✓	✓	✓
R005		✓	✓	✓
R006		✓	✓	✓
R007	✓	✓	✓	✓
R008		✓	✓	✓
R009	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓ = available

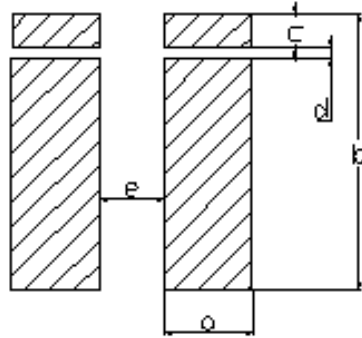
Further values and tolerances on request.

Reliability Performance :

Test Item	Condition of Test	Requirements
Short Time Overload	2.5 x Rated power for 5 seconds Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.13	$\Delta R : \pm 1.0\%$
Thermal Shock	-55 to 125°C 100 cycles, 15 min at each extreme condition Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.19	$\Delta R : \pm 1.0\%$
Low Temperature Storage	Kept at -55°C, 1000 hours Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.23.4	$\Delta R : \pm 2.0\%$
Resistance to Soldering Heat	Dipped into solder at $270 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ for 10 ± 1 seconds Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.18	$\Delta R : \pm 1.0\%$
Load Life	Rated voltage for 1.5hours followed by a pause 0.5hour at $70 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ Cycle repeated 1000 hours Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.25	$\Delta R : \pm 2.0\%$
Damp Heat with Load	$40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ with relative humidity 90% to 95%. D.C. rated voltage for 1.5 hours ON and 30 minutes OFF. Cycle repeated 1000 hours Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.24	$\Delta R : \pm 2.0\%$
High Temperature Exposure	Kept at 150°C for 1000 hours Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.23.2	$\Delta R : \pm 2.0\%$
Solderability	Temperature of Solder : $245 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ Immersion Duration : 3 ± 0.5 second Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.17	Uniform coating of solder cover minimum of 95% surface being immersed
Mechanical Shock	100 G's for 6milliseconds. 5 pulses Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.21	$\Delta R : \pm 0.5\%$
Substrate Bending	Glass-Epoxy board thickness : 1.6mm Bending width : 2mm Between the fulcrums : 90mm Refer to JIS C 5201-1 4.33	$\Delta R : \pm 0.5\%$

Note : Measurement at 24 ± 4 hours after test conclusion for all reliability tests-parts.

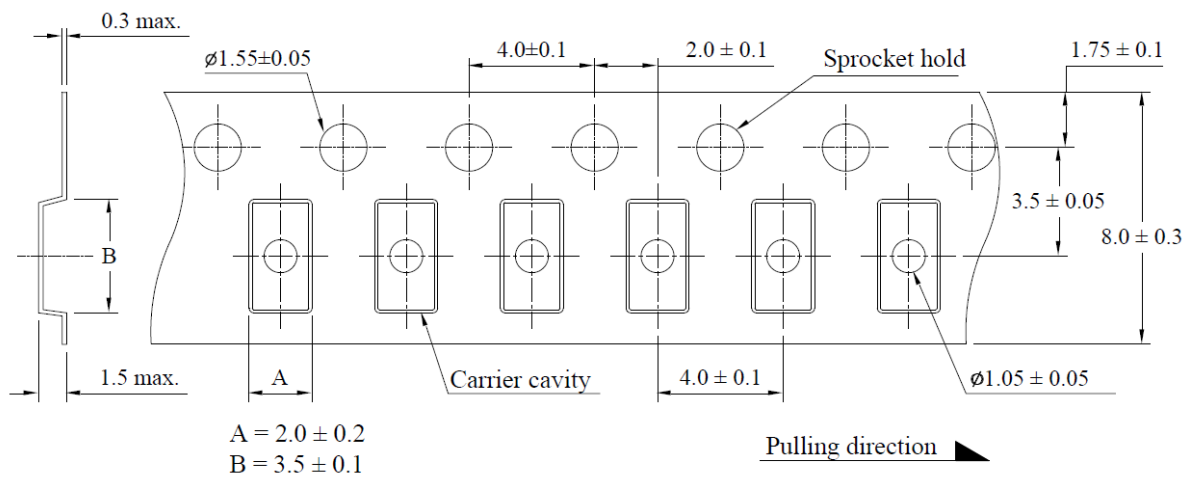
Recommend Solder Pad Dimensions :



Dimensions (mm)	a	b	c	d	e
0.5 to 9 mΩ	1.0	3.5	0.8	0.38	0.75

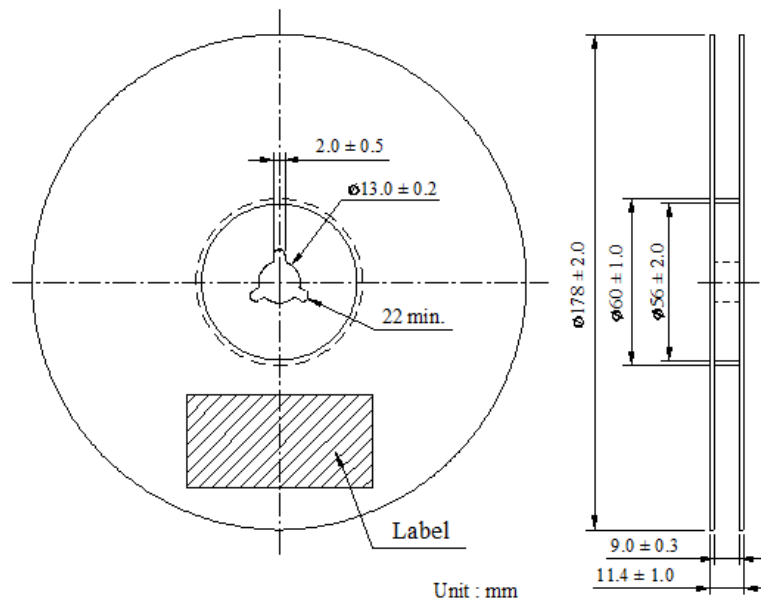
Packaging :

Tape packaging dimensions :



Unit : mm

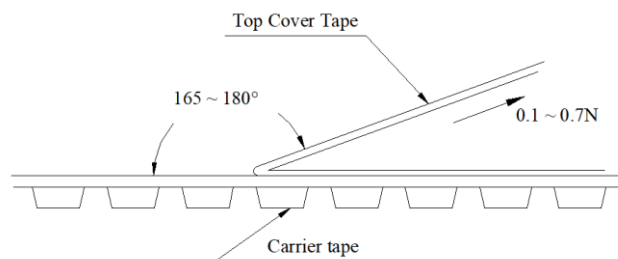
Reel dimensions :



Peel Strength of Top Cover Tape :

The peel speed shall be about 300mm/min.

The peel force of top cover tape shall between 0.1 to 0.7N



Number of Taping :

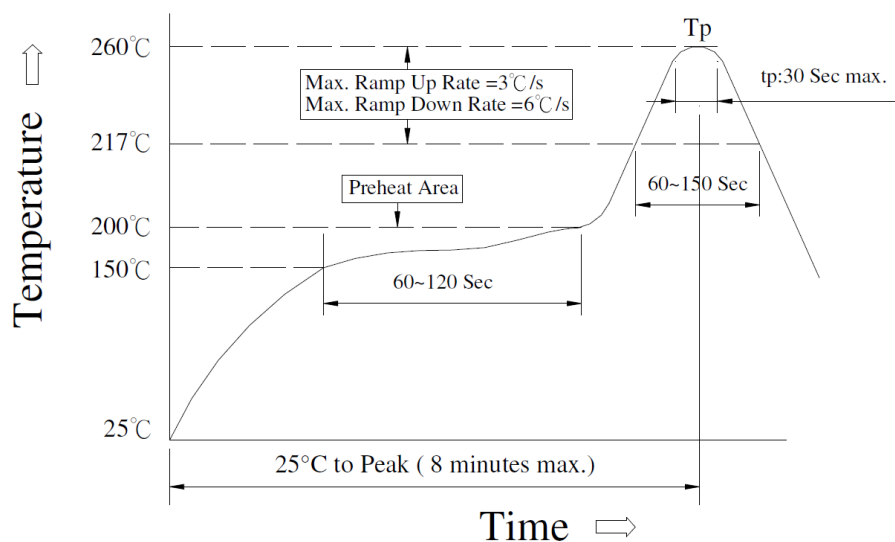
4,000 pieces / reel

Label Marking :

The following items shall be marked on the reel.

- (1) Type designation
- (2) Quantity
- (3) Manufacturing date code
- (4) Manufacturer's name
- (5) The country of origin

Recommend Soldering Conditions:



Meet JEDEC-020D

(1) Reflow Soldering Method :

Reflow Soldering	Tp:255 to 260°C Max.30 seconds (Tp)
	217°C 60 to 150 seconds
Pre-Heat	150 to 200°C 60 to 120 seconds
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes max

(2) Soldering Iron Method : 350± 5°C max.3 seconds

Care Note :

Care note for storage

- (1) Current sensor shall be stored in a environment where temperature and humidity must be controlled (temperature 5 to 40°C, humidity 30 to 80% RH) . However, the humidity should be maintained as low as possible.
- (2) Current sensor shall not be stored under direct sunlight.
- (3) Current sensor shall be stored in condition without moisture, dust, any material defect solderability, or hazardous gas (i.e. Chlorination hydrogen, sulfurous acid gas, and sulfuration hydrogen)
- (4) The sensor can be stored for at least one year under the condition mentioned above.

Care note for operating and handling

- (1) It is necessary to protect the edge and protection coat of resistors from mechanical stress.
- (2) Handle with care when printing circuit board (PCB) is divided or fixed on support body, because bending of printing circuit board (PCB) mounting will make mechanical stress for resistors.
- (3) Resistors shall be used with in rated range shown in specification. Especially, if voltage more than specified value will be loaded to resistor, there is a case it will make damage for machine because of temperature rise depending on generating of heat, and increase resistance value or breaks.
- (4) In case that resistor is loaded a rated voltage, it is necessary to confirms temperature of a resistor and to reduce a load power according to load reduction curve, because a temperature rise of a resistor depends on influence of heat from mounting density and neighboring element.
- (5) Observe Limiting element voltage and maximum overload voltage specified in each specification
- (6) If there is possibility that a large voltage (pulse voltage, shock voltage) charge to resistor, it is necessary that operating condition shall be set up before use.